



DUST COLLECTOR

Model. DC-3

Order Code W394

Edition No : DC3-1
Date of Issue : 09/2021

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MACHINE DETAILS

MACHINE	DUST COLLECTOR	
MODEL NO.	DC-3	
SERIAL NO.		
DATE OF MANF.		

Distributed by



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NOTE:

This manual is only for your reference. At the time of the compiling of this manual every effort to be exact with the instructions, specifications, drawings, and photographs of the machine was taken. Owing to the continuous improvement of the HAFCO METALMASTER machine, changes may be made at any time without obligation or notice. Please ensure the local voltage is the same as listed on the specification plate before operating any electric machine.



NOTE:

In order to see the type and model of the machine, please see the specification plate. Usually found on the back of the machine. See example (Fig.1)

WOODMASTER

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Model: DC-3
Capacity: 1200cfm

Nett Weight: 37kg MFG Date:

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Made in China www.machinervhouse.co.nz

Voltage: 240V/50Hz Motor: 1.5kW FLC: 7.7A

Fig.1



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1.1 SPECIFICATION

Order Code	W394	
MODEL	DC-3	
Туре	Dust Collector	
Air Flow (CFM)	1200	
LPHV - Low Pressure High Volume	Yes	
HPLV - High Pressure Low Volume	No	
Inlets / Diameter (No / mm)	2 x Ø100	
Motor Power (kW / hp)	1.5 / 2	
Voltage (V)	240	
Amps (A)	10	
Dimensions (W x D x H) (mm)	1000 x 700 x 1950	
Shipping Dimensions (L x W x H) (mm)	910 x 580 x 570	
Nett Weight (Kg)	37	

1.2 PACKING LIST

- 1. Transfer Hose
- 2. Motor Mount
- 3. Motor/Impeller Assembly
- 4. Seperator
- 5. Outlet Flange
- 6. Rubber Gasket
- 7. Castors
- 8. Upper Bag Support Rod
- 9. Housing Support Rods
- 10. Tools
- 11. Base Plate
- 12. Upper & Lower Bags
- 13. Hose and Bag Clamps
- 14. Inlet Y-Connector
- 15. Hardware Bags

— Hex Bolts M8 x 16	26
— Hex Bolts M8 x 25	4
— Flat Washers 8mm	34
— Hex Nuts M8	4
— Phillips Head Screws M6 x 10	16
— Flat Washers 6mm	16
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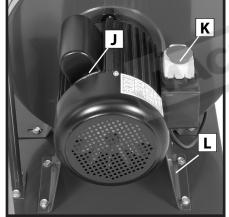


1.3 IDENTIFICATION

Become familiar with the names and locations of the controls and features shown below to

better understand the instructions in this manual.





Α	Upper Bag Support Rod	G	Swivel Casters
В	5 Micron Filter Bag	Н	Motor/Impeller Housing
С	Seperator	I Transfer Hose	
D	Plastic Collection Bag	J	Motor
E	Collection Bag Support Rod	K ON/OFF Switch	
F	Base Plate	L	Motor Mount

2.1 GENERAL WOODWORKING MACHINE SAFE PRACTICES

DO NOT use this machine unless you have read this manual or have been instructed in the use of this machine in its safe use and operation



WARNING

This manual provides safety instructions on the proper setup, operation, maintenance, and service of this machine. Save this manual, refer to it often, and use it to instruct other operators. Failure to read, understand and follow the instructions in this manual may result in fire or serious personal injury—including amputation, electrocution, or death.

The owner of this machine is solely responsible for its safe use. This responsibility includes, but is not limited to proper installation in a safe environment, personnel training and authorization to use, proper inspection and maintenance, manual availability and comprehension, of the application of the safety devices, integrity, and the use of personal protective equipment.

The manufacturer will not be held liable for injury or property damage from negligence, improper training, machine modifications or misuse.













Exposure to the dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities may cause serious and permanent respiratory or other injury, including silicosis (a serious lung disease), cancer, and death. Avoid breathing the dust, and avoid prolonged contact with dust. Some examples of these chemicals are:



u	Lead	trom	lead-	based	l pain	ts.
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- ☐ Crystalline silica from bricks, cement and other masonry products.
- ☐ Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated timber.

Always operate tool in well ventilated area and provide for proper dust removal. Use a dust collection system along with an air filtration system whenever possible. Always use properly fitting approved respiratory protection appropriate for the dust exposure, and wash exposed areas with soap and water.

Always wear safety glasses or goggles and protective footwear.
Wear dust masks when required.
Wear hearing protection that is suitable for the level and frequency of the noise you are
exposed to in the woodworking area. If you have trouble hearing someone speak from
Use gloves to protect hands from splinters when handling wood but do not wear them near
rotating blades and other machinery parts where the gloves can catch.



2.1 GENERAL WOODWORKING MACHINE SAFE PRACTICES Cont.

- ✓ Make sure the guard that is in position is in good working condition, and guards the machine adequately before operating any equipment or machine. Check and adjust all other safety devices.
 - Make sure the equipment is properly grounded before use.
- ✓ Check that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from the machine before turning on the power.
- ✓ Inspect stock for nails or other materials before cutting, planning, routing or carrying out similar activities.
- ✓ Make sure that all machines have start and stop buttons within easy and convenient reach of an operator. Start buttons should be protected so that accidental contact will not start machine.
- ✓ Ensure that all cutting tools and blades are clean, sharp, and in good working order so that they will cut freely, not forced.
- ✓ Turn the power off and unplug the power cord (or lock out the power source) before inspecting, changing, cleaning, adjusting or repairing a blade or a machine. Also turn the power off when discussing the work.
- ✓ Use a "push stick" to push material into the cutting area. Jigs are also useful in keeping hands safe during cutting procedures. Keep hands out of the line of the cutting blade.
- ✓ Always use a push stick for pieces less than 30 cm in length, or for the last 30 cm of a longer cut. Use a push stick to remove the cut piece from between the fence and the blade.
- ✓ Clamp down and secure all work pieces when drilling or milling.
- ✓ Use good lighting so that the work piece, cutting blades, and machine controls can be seen clearly. Position or shade lighting sources so that they do not shine in the operator's eyes or cause any glare and reflections.
- ✓ Ensure that the floor space around the equipment is sufficient to enable you to machine the size of work piece being processed safely without bumping into other workers or equipment.
- ✓ Woodworking machines should be fitted with efficient and well-maintained local exhaust ventilation systems to remove sawdust or chips that are produced.
- ✓ Electric power cords should be above head level or in the floor in such a way that they are not tripping hazards.
- ✓ Keep work area free of clutter, clean, well swept, and well lit. Spills should be cleaned up immediately. Floor areas should be level and non-slip. Good housekeeping practices and workplace design will reduce the number of injuries and accidents from slips, trips, and falls.
- ✓ Avoid awkward operations and hand positions where a sudden slip could cause your hand to move into the cutting tool or blade.
- Do not wear loose clothing, work gloves, neckties, rings, bracelets or other jewelry that can become entangled with moving parts. Confine long hair.
- ➤ Do not remove sawdust or cuttings from the cutting head by hand while a machine is running. Use a stick or brush when the machine has stopped moving.
- > Do not use compressed air to remove sawdust, turnings, etc. from machines or clothing.
- Do not leave machines running unattended (unless they are designed and intended to be operated while unattended). Do not leave a machine until the power off is turned off and the machine comes to a complete stop.



2.1 GENERAL WOODWORKING MACHINE SAFE PRACTICES Cont.

- Do not try to free a stalled blade before turning the power off.
- ➤ Do not distract or startle an operator while he or she is using woodworking equipment.
- * Horseplay should be prohibited. It can lead to injuries.

HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH MACHINES include, but are not limited to:

- Being struck by ejected parts of the machinery
- Being struck by material ejected from the machinery
- Contact or entanglement with the machinery
- Contact or entanglement with any material in motion

Health Hazards (other than physical injury caused by moving parts)

- Chemicals hazards that can irritate, burn, or pass through the skin
- Airborne substances that can be inhaled, such as oil mist, metal fumes, solvents, and dust
- Heat, noise, and vibration
- Ionizing or non-ionizing radiation (X-ray, lasers, etc.)
- Biological contamination and waste
- Soft tissue injuries (for example, to the hands, arms, shoulders, back, or neck) resulting from repetitive motion, awkward posture, extended lifting, and pressure grip)

Other Hazards

- Slips and falls from and around machinery during maintenance
- Unstable equipment that is not secured against falling over
- Safe access to/from machines (access, egress)
- Fire or explosion
- Pressure injection injuries from the release of fluids and gases under high pressure
- Electrical Hazards, such as electrocution from faulty or ungrounded electrical components
- Environment in which the machine is used (in a machine shop, or in a work site)



Machines are safeguarded to protect the operator from injury or death with the placement of guards. Machines must not be operated with the guards removed or damaged.



2.2 SPECIFIC SAFETY FOR DUST COLLECTORS

DO NOT use this machine unless you have been instructed in its safe use and operation and have read and understood this manual



A mask must be worn at all times when using the machine



Safety glasses must be worn at all times in work areas



Sturdy footwear must be worn at all times in work areas



Close fitting/protective clothing must be worn



Rings and jewelery must not be worn.



Long and loose hair must be contained or restrained

MACHINE USE

If you are at any time experiencing difficulties performing any operation, stop using the machine! Then contact your local Service Centre, or ask an experience operator how the operation should be performed.

This dust collector must only be used for wood shavings and dust. Do NOT use to pick up liquids and metal scrap including, but not limited to, nails and filings. Also, DO NOT pick up material which cannot safely pass through the impeller, such as solid wood scraps.

When operating this machine, DO NOT place your hands or tools near the open inlet for any reason including, but not limited to, unclogging material and testing suction. The impeller could cause serious damage to body parts if touched.

FIRE RISK

DO NOT allow steel to strike against impeller, which may produce a spark. Sparks can smolder in wood dust for a long time before fire or flame is detected. If metal contacts metal during operation, immediately turn off the dust collector, unplug the power cord from the outlet, or flip the disconnect switch and wait for all moving parts to stop. Remove collection bags and empty the dust into an approved air tight metal container in case of spark. Remedy the metal to metal contact problem before resuming operation. DO NOT operate the dust collector in areas where explosion risks would be high if dust were dispersed into the area. Areas of high risk include, but are not limited to, areas near pilot lights and/or open flames.

SERVICING & MAINTENANCE

Disconnect from the power supply and allow impeller to come to a complete stop before servicing or working on the dust collector ducting system. When emptying dust from the collection bags, wear a respirator and safety glasses. Empty dust into an approved container and dispose of correctly.



3. POWER SUPPLY

3.1 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

Place the machine near an existing power source. Make sure all power cords are protected from traffic, material handling, moisture, chemicals, or other hazards. Make sure there is access to a means of disconnecting the power source. The electrical circuit must meet the requirements for 240V.

NOTE: The use of an extension cord is not recommended as it may decrease the life of electrical components on your machine.

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

Nominal Voltage	240V
Cycle	50 Hz
Phase	Single Phase
Power Supply Circuit	10 Amps
Full Load Current	4.8 Amps

(Full load current rating is also on the specification plate on the motor.)

3.2 FULL-LOAD CURRENT RATING

The full-load current rating is the amperage a machine draws when running at 100% of the output power. Where machines have more than one motor, the full load current is the amperage drawn by the largest motor or a total of all the motors and electrical devices that might operate at one time during normal operations.

Full-Load Current Rating for these machine at 240V is 4.8Amps

It should be noted that the full-load current is not the maximum amount of amps that the machine will draw. If the machine is overloaded, it will draw additional amps beyond the full-load rating and if the machine is overloaded for a long period of time, damage, overheating, or fire may be caused to the motor and circuitry.

This is especially true if connected to an undersized circuit or a long extension lead. To reduce the risk of these hazards, avoid overloading the machine during operation and make sure it is connected to a power supply circuit that meets the requirements.







4 SETUP

4.1 UNPACKING

This machine was carefully packaged for safe transport. When unpacking, separate all enclosed items from packaging materials and inspect them for shipping damage. If items are damaged, please contact your distributor.

NOTE: Save all the packaging materials until you are completely satisfied with the machine and have resolved any issues with the distributor, or the shipping agent.

When unpacking, check the packing list to make sure that all parts shown are included. If any parts are missing or broken, please contact the your distributor.

4.2 CLEAN - UP

The unpainted surfaces of the machine have been coated with a waxy oil to protect them from corrosion during shipment. Remove the protective coating with a solvent cleaner or a citrus based degreaser.

Optimum performance from your machine will be achieved when you clean all moving parts or sliding contact surfaces that are coated with rust prevented products.

It is advised to avoid chlorine based solvents, such as acetone or brake parts cleaner, as they will damage painted surfaces and strip metal should they come in contact. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions when using any type of cleaning product.

4.3 SITE PREPARATION

When selecting the site for the machine, consider the largest size of workpiece that will be processed through the machine and provide enough space around the machine for operating the machine safely. Consideration should be given to the installation of auxiliary equipment. Leave enough space around the machine to open or remove doors/covers as required for the maintenance and service as described in this manual.

It is recommended that the machine is anchored to the floor to prevent tipping or shifting. It also reduces vibration that may occur during operation.

4.4 LIFTING INSTRUCTIONS

MARNING

This machine is very heavy.

Serious personal injury may occur if safe moving methods are not followed. To be safe, you will need assistance from another person when moving the shipping crate and removing the machine from the crate.



On the day that the machine arrives, make sure that there is assistance, available to unload the machine from the vehicle. Ensure access to the chosen site is clear and that doors and ceilings are sufficiently high and wide enough to receive the machine.

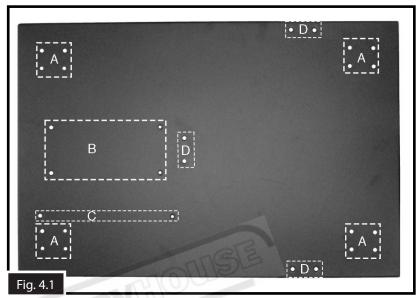
4.5 ASSEMBLY

The machine must be fully assembled before it can be operated. First clean any parts that are coated in rust preventative to ensure the assembly process can proceed smoothly.

Main base plate assembly layout guide:

This is a brief guide to where the separate components should be attached to the main base plate assembly. (Fig. 4.1)

- A. Holes for fitting the 4 castors.
- B. Holes for motor support bracket.
- C. Holes for the bracket of the motor / fan assembly.
- D. Holes for the 3 seperator supports.



DUST COLLECTOR ASSEMBLY

- 1. Layout the components of the dust collector on a flat clean space.
- 2. Place the base upside down.
- 3. Attach the four swivel casters onto the base with the 16 x M6 x 10 Phillips head screws, nuts, and flat washers. (Fig. 4.2)
- 4. With the help of another person, turn the motor/ impeller housing upside down and attach the motor mount to it, using the 4 x M8 x 15 hex bolts and M8 flat washer and M8 nuts.(Fig. 4.3)
- 5. Turn the base the right side up with the casters on the bottom and with assistance from another person, turn the impeller/motor assembly the right side up and position it over attachment holes on base plate. (See holes "B" and "C" in Fig. 4.1)







4.5 ASSEMBLY Cont.

6. Attach impeller/motor assembly to base plate with $6 \times M8 \times 16$ hex bolts and M8 flat washers. (Fig. 4.4)



7. Place the rubber gasket between the motor impeller housing and the outlet flange.(Fig. 4.5) Attach the outlet flange and the rubber gasket to the motor/impeller housing with the 6 x M6 x 20 hex head bolts and 12 x M6 flat washers (one above and one below) and 6 x M6 nuts. (Fig. 4.5)



- 8. Position each of the three seperator supports over the base plate holes shown in Fig. 4.1 with top bend facing inward, then secure them with 6 x M8 x 16 hex bolts and M8 flat washers. (Fig. 4.6). NOTE: Make sure the inlet faces the motor/impeller housing.
- 9. With assistance from another person, attach the sperator to the front and rear supports, with 4 x M8 x 16 hex bolts and M8 flat washers. (Fig. 4.7)

 Note: Do not attach seperator to side support until step 11.





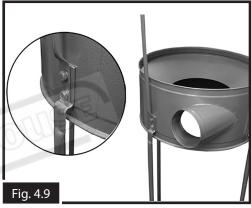
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4.5 ASSEMBLY Cont.

10. Attach the inlet Y-connector to impeller cover with pre-installed Phillips head screw. (Fig. 4.8)



11. The fixing point of the 3rd support is also used to connect the upper bag support. Line up the holes on the upper bag support with those on the seperator and seperator support. Secure with 2 x M8 x 16 bolts and M8 flat washers. (Fig. 4.9)



ATTACHING THE BAGS

12. Slide a hose clamp over each end of transfer hose, then slide hose ends over impeller outlet flange port and separator inlet port (Fig. 4.10).

Note: Slide ends as far as possible over each port to ensure a tight fit.

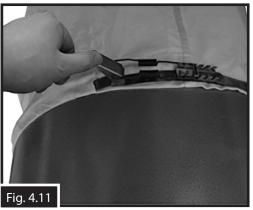
Tighten the hose clamps to secure the transfer hose.



13. Insert toothed-end of each bag clamp into opening of bag rim, then slide it completely around rim cavity to meet other end (see Fig. 4.11).

Note: The upper bag has the Hafco/Woodmaster® logo on it and the lower bag is plastic.

13. Hang the upper bag, on the bag hook and close the bag strap.



4.5 ASSEMBLY Cont.

Installing the collection bag:

1. Place the collection bag over the bottom edge of the seperator and secure the bag clamp (Fig. 4.12)



4.6 DUST COLLECTOR HOSE

The HAFCO/WOODMASTER MODEL DC3 is designed to be used as a multi machine dust collector. Place the dust collector in a position where it will not interfere with the workpiece being processed, and with no more than 3 meters of hose attached.

4.7 DUCT GROUNDING

There are many choices regarding dust collection ducting, but flexible hose is the most common. If attaching the DC -3 to multiple machines and creating a ducting system, be aware that there is a fire or explosion hazard if plastic duct material is used for dust collection without being grounded against static electrical charge build-up.

If a grounding medium is not available to prevent static electrical build up, the electrical charge will arc to the nearest grounded source. This electrical discharge may cause an explosion and subsequent fire inside the system. To protect against static electrical build up inside a non-conducting duct, a bare copper wire should be placed inside the duct along its length and grounded to the dust collector.

Be sure that you extend the bare copper wire down all branches of the system. Do not forget to connect the wires to each other with wire nuts when two branches meet at a "Y" or "T" connection.

We also recommend wrapping the outside of all plastic ducts with bare copper wire to ground the outside of the system against static electrical build up. Wire connections at Y's and T's should be made with wire nuts.



Plastic ducting generates static electrical build-up that can cause fire or shock. Properly ground all plastic duct to reduce this risk.

4.8 TEST RUN

Once assembly is complete, test run the machine to ensure it is properly connected to the power and safety components are functioning correctly. If you find an unusual problem during the test run, immediately stop the machine, disconnect it from power, and fix the problem BEFORE operating the machine again. The Troubleshooting table in the Maintenance section of this manual may be able to help. If the problem persists the contact your dealers service technician.

5. OPERATION.

5.1 OPERATION OVERVIEW

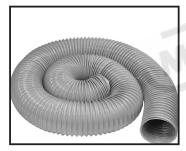
The operation of the HAFCO/WOODMASTER Model DC-3 is very simple and straight forward. Move the dust collector to the machine location, connect the ducting hose, and if required then connect the ground wire, and you are ready to begin.

Always switch ON the dust collector first before switching on the cutting machine.

∕!\ WARNING|

Always make sure there is no open flames or pilot lights in the same area as the dust collector. There is a risk of explosion if dust is dispersed into the air.

5.2 OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES



DCH-100 - DUST HOSE - TIMBER ONLY 100mm Hose is only recommended for "timber extraction only" and sold in meter lengths. (Order Code W398)

DCK-2 - TIMBER DUST ACCESSORY KIT. This timber dust accessory kit consist off the most sought-after Ø100mm connections and attachments to connect your dust extraction unit to your machine. (Order Code W344)



#35 - FILTER BAG UPPER 500mm x 850mm flat, 5 micron Ideal for MDF to suit most models (Order Code CJ035P)







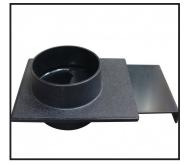
5.2 OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES Cont.



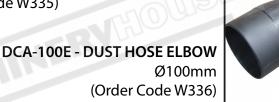
DCA-125R - DUST HOSE REDUCER Ø100-125mm (Order Code W333)







DCA-100C - DUST HOSE SHUT OFF VALVE Ø100mm (Order Code W335)







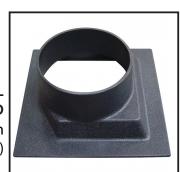
DCA-100Y - DUST HOSE Y ADAPTOR Ø100mm (Order Code W337)

DCA-100H - DUST HOSE UNIVERSAL

DUST HOOD

Ø100mm

(Order Code W338)





DCA-100FS - DUST HOSE FLOOR SWEEPER ATTACHMENT Ø100mm (Order Code W339)

DCC-100 - DUST HOSE CLAMP Ø100mm (4") Dia. (Order Code W340)





6. MAINTENANCE

It is very important that regular maintenance of the equipment is carried out. The operators meed to of follow the daily maintenance procedures.

For optimum performance from this machine, the maintenance schedule listed below and in this section must be followed.

6.1 SCHEDULE

D	ail	v	Ch	60	k
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Loose mounting bolts or fasteners.
Worn, frayed, cracked, or damaged wires.
Damaged ON/OFF button
Check and empty if necessary collection bag
Any other condition that could hamper the safe operation of this machine.

6.2 BAG CLEANING

Collection Bag

Changing dust collector bags is one of the least desirable jobs of the maintenance. Before any work is to take place, a respirator or dust mask and safety glasses must be worn when emptying the storage bag. Small dust particles can escape the bags during emptying, causing them to become airborne and easily inhaled. This microscopic airborne dust is extremely unhealthy to breathe and can cause serious health problems.

To empty the collection bag:

- 1. DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SUPPLY
- 2. Make sure that a respirator or dust mask is worn before commencing to remove the bag.
- 3. Un-clamp the collection bag and dispose of the contents.
- 4. Examine the empty bag for any damage or holes in the bag. Replace if necessary.
- 5. Reinstall the collection bag.

Filter Bag

There is no set time to replace the top filter bag.

As time goes on, the dust itself can begin collecting and gathering in pockets throughout the bag. Unfortunately, this continues at an increasing pace until the air passages in the bag's fabric become partially blocked. Once you notice a reduction in performance, it may be worth seeing if the filter bag needs to be cleaned.

Before you toss the filter bag in the washer, try these steps: With the dust collector running and the bag inflated, tap the bag with your hand or a broomstick. If that doesn't clear up the cake, try blowing compressed air against the outside of the bag with the collector running. Still not getting satisfactory results? Then remove the bag, turn it inside out and vacuum any remaining dust cake.

Turn the bag inside out, use the cold setting, and wash it on a gentle cycle with laundry detergent. Tumble-dry the bag on the air-only, no-heat setting or hang it outdoors in nice weather to dry completely before using it again.



6.3 TROUBLESHOOTING

Review the troubleshooting and procedures in this section if a problem develops with your machine. If you need replacement parts then follow the procedure in beginning of the spare parts section or if additional help with a procedure is required, then contact you distributor. Note: Make sure you have the model of the machine, serial number, and manufacture date before calling.

Symptoms	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
Machine does not start or a breaker trips.	 Power supply circuit breaker tripped or fuse blown. Motor wires connected incorrectly. Plug/receptacle at fault/wired incorrectly. Wiring open/has high resistance. START/STOP or circuit breaker switch at fault. Start capacitor at fault. Centrifugal switch/contact points at fault. Motor at fault. 	1. Ensure circuit is sized correctly and free of shorts. Reset circuit breaker or replace fuse. 2. Correct motor wiring connections. 3. Test for good contacts; correct the wiring. 4. Check/fix broken, disconnected, or corroded wires. 5. Replace switch/circuit breaker. 6. Test/replace. 7. Adjust/replace centrifugal switch/contact points. 8. Test/repair/replace.
Machine has vibration or noisy operation.	 Debris caught in impeller. Motor or component loose. Motor fan rubbing on cover. Motor mount loose/broken. Motor bearings at fault. Motor shaft bent. Dust collector not on a flat surface. Impeller damaged or unbalanced. Impeller loose on motor shaft. 	1. Inspect impeller for debris or damage. 2. Inspect/replace damaged bolts/nuts, and re-tighten with thread-locking fluid. 3. Fix/replace fan cover; replace loose/damaged fan. 4. Tighten/replace. 5. Test by rotating shaft; rotational grinding/loose shaft requires bearing replacement. 6. Test with dial indicator. Replace motor if damaged. 7. Stabilize dust collector. 8. Disconnect dust collector from power. Inspect impeller for dents, bends, or loose fins. Replace impeller if damaged. 9. Secure impeller; replace motor and impeller as a set if motor shaft and impeller hub are damaged
Dust collector does not adequately collect dust or chips; poor performance.	 Collection drawer or air filter dust tray are full. Filters are dirty/clogged. Clog in ducting. Leak in ducting/connections. Ducting blocked/restricted. The dust collector is too far away from the point of suction, or there are too many sharp bends in the ducting. Dust collector is undersized. Run capacitor at fault. Centrifugal switch/contact points at fault. 	1. Empty collection drawer and dust tray. 2. Clean filters; replace with new filters if performance does not improve. 3. Remove clog. 4. Seal leak. 5. Remove ducting from dust collector inlet and unblock the restriction. 6. Relocate the dust collector closer to the point of suction; remove sharp bends in ducting. 7. Install a larger dust collector. 8. Test/replace. 9. Adjust/replace centrifugal switch/contact points if available.



SPARE PARTS

DUST COLLECTOR Model. DC-3

Order Code W394

Edition No : DC3-1
Date of Issue : 09/2021

The following section covers the spare parts diagrams and lists that were current at the time this manual was originally printed. Due to continuous improvements of the machine, changes may be made at any time without notification.

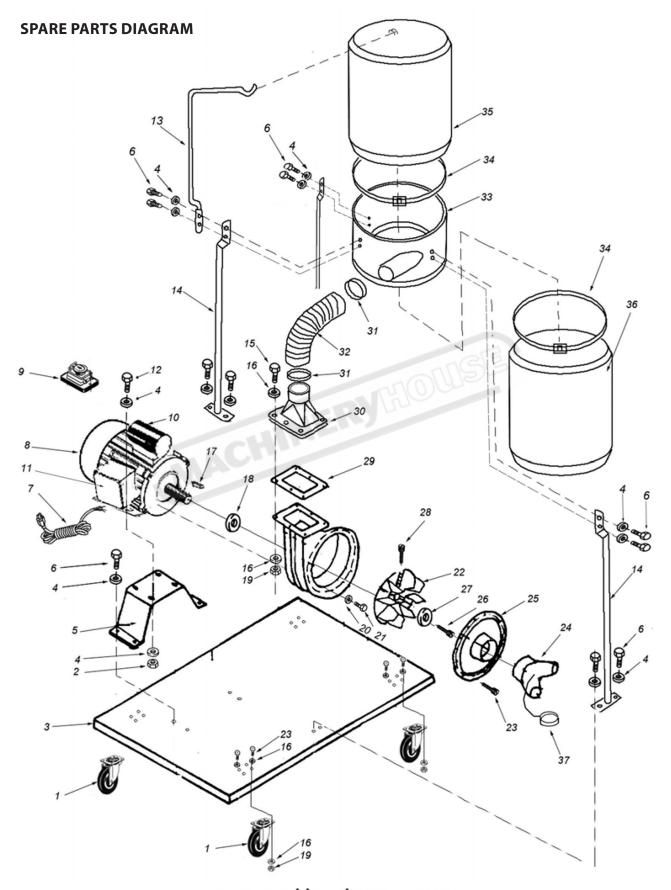
HOW TO ORDER SPARE PARTS

- 1. Have your machines model number, serial number & date of manufacture on hand, these can be found on the specification plate mounted on the machine
- 2. A scanned copy of your parts list/diagram with required spare part/s identified.

NOTE: SOME PARTS MAY ONLY BE AVAILABLE AS AN ASSEMBLY

3. Go to www.machineryhouse.com.au/contactus and fill out the inquiry form attaching a copy of scanned parts list.





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SPARE PARTS LIST

No.	Description	
1.	Universal Caster	
2.	Nut M8	
3.	Base Plate	
4.	Washer 8 mm	
5.	Motor Support Bracket	
6.	Bolt M8 x 16	
7.	Mains Lead	
8.	Motor	
9.	Switch	
10.	Capacitor	
11.	Switch box	
12.	Bolt M8 x 25	
13.	Upper bag support	
14.	Collector Support	
15.	Bolt M6 x 20	
16.	Washer 6 mm	
17.	Key	
18.	Packing	
19.	Nut M6	
20.	Washer	
21.	Screw Hex	
22.	Turbo Fan	
23.	Screw M6 Cross head	
24.	Double Inlet Adapter	
25.	Inlet cover	
26.	Screw Hex	
27.	Washer	
28.	Screw hex	
29.	Main Fan Assembly Outlet Seal	
30.	Main Fan Assembly Outlet	
31.	Hose clamp	
32.	Main On-board Hose	
33.	Collector assembly	
34.	Bag clamp	
35.	Filter bag	
36.	Collector bag	
37.	Inlet adapter cover	

NOTE: SOME INDIVIDUAL PARTS MAY ONLY BE AVAILABLE AS AN ASSEMBLY



General Machinery Safety Instructions

Machinery House requires you to read this entire Manual before using this machine.

- Read the entire Manual before starting machinery. Machinery may cause serious injury if not correctly used.
- **2. Always use correct hearing protection when operating machinery.** Machinery noise may cause permanent hearing damage.
- Machinery must never be used when tired, or under the influence of drugs or alcohol. When running machinery you must be alert at all times.
- **4. Wear correct Clothing.** At all times remove all loose clothing, necklaces, rings, jewelry, etc. Long hair must be contained in a hair net. Non-slip protective footwear must be worn.
- **5. Always wear correct respirators around fumes or dust when operating machinery.** Machinery fumes & dust can cause serious respiratory illness. Dust extractors must be used where applicable.
- **6. Always wear correct safety glasses.** When machining you must use the correct eye protection to prevent injuring your eyes.
- Keep work clean and make sure you have good lighting. Cluttered and dark shadows may cause accidents.
- 8. Personnel must be properly trained or well supervised when operating machinery. Make sure you have clear and safe understanding of the machine you are operating.
- Keep children and visitors away. Make sure children and visitors are at a safe distance for you work area.
- Keep your workshop childproof. Use padlocks, Turn off master power switches and remove start switch keys.
- 11. Never leave machine unattended. Turn power off and wait till machine has come to a complete stop before leaving the machine unattended.
- **12. Make a safe working environment.** Do not use machine in a damp, wet area, or where flammable or noxious fumes may exist.
- 13. Disconnect main power before service machine. Make sure power switch is in the off position before re-connecting.

- 14. Use correct amperage extension cords. Undersized extension cords overheat and lose power. Replace extension cords if they become damaged.
- **15. Keep machine well maintained.** Keep blades sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions when lubricating and changing accessories.
- Keep machine well guarded. Make sure guards on machine are in place and are all working correctly.
- **17. Do not overreach.** Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
- **18. Secure workpiece.** Use clamps or a vice to hold the workpiece where practical. Keeping the workpiece secure will free up your hand to operate the machine and will protect hand from injury.
- 19. Check machine over before operating. Check machine for damaged parts, loose bolts, Keys and wrenches left on machine and any other conditions that may effect the machines operation. Repair and replace damaged parts.
- **20. Use recommended accessories.** Refer to instruction manual or ask correct service officer when using accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause the risk of injury.
- **21. Do not force machinery.** Work at the speed and capacity at which the machine or accessory was designed.
- **22. Use correct lifting practice.** Always use the correct lifting methods when using machinery. Incorrect lifting methods can cause serious injury.
- 23. Lock mobile bases. Make sure any mobile bases are locked before using machine.
- 24. Allergic reactions. Certain metal shavings and cutting fluids may cause an ellergic reaction in people and animals, especially when cutting as the fumes can be inhaled. Make sure you know what type of metal and cutting fluid you will be exposed to and how to avoid contamination.
- **25. Call for help.** If at any time you experience difficulties, stop the machine and call you nearest branch service department for help.





Wood Dust Collector Safety Instructions

Machinery House requires you to read this entire Manual before using this machine.

- Maintenance. Make sure the Dust collector is turned off and disconnect from the main power supply and make sure all moving parts have come to a complete stop before any inspection, adjustment or maintenance is carried out.
- 2. Dust collector Condition. Dust collector must be maintained for a proper working condition. Never operate a Dust collector that has damaged or worn parts. Scheduled routine maintenance should performed on a scheduled basis.
- **3. Inlet Hazard.** Do not place hands or tools near the open inlets during operation for any reason. The impeller could cause serious damage to body parts if touched while spinning.
- 4. Avoiding Entanglement. Guards and dust bags must be used at all times. Remove loose clothing, belts, or jewelry items. Tie up long hair and use the correct hair nets to avoid any entanglement with the Dust collector.
- **5. Understand the machines controls.** Make sure you understand the use and operation of all controls.
- 6. Power outage. In the event of a power failure during use of the Dust collector, turn off all switches to avoid possible sudden start up once power is restored.
- 7. Work area hazards. Keep the area around the Dust collector clean from oil, tools, chips. Pay attention to other persons in the area and know what is going on around the area to ensure unintended accidents.

- 8. Hearing protection and hazards. Always wear hearing protection as noise generated from dust collector can cause permanent hearing loss over time
- 9. Dust Collector use. This Dust Collector is designed to be used with wood only. Do not pick up material that can not safety pass through the impeller.
- 10. Fire Hazard. Do not use this dust collector to pick up metal scraps and filing as they could spark by hitting the spinning impeller and cause a severe fire hazard.
- Bags & guards. All safety bags and guards must be used at all times. Bags must be replaced when damaged.
- **12. Emptying bags hazard.** Always wear a respirator and safety glasses when emptying dust into approved containers and dispose of properly.
- 13. Wood dust may cause allergic reactions. Make sure you know what type of dust you are exposed to as it may cause you an allergic reaction. Always wear an approved respirator.
- **14. Call for help.** If at any time you experience difficulties, stop the machine and call you nearest branch service department for help.



PLANT SAFETY PROGRAM

NEW MACHINERY HAZARD IDENTIFICATION, ASSESSMENT & CONTROL

Wood Dust Collector

Developed in Co-operation Between A.W.I.S.A and Australia Chamber of Manufactures
This program is based upon the Safe Work Australia, Code of Practice - Managing Risks of Plant in the Workplace (WHSA 2011 No10)





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Authorised and signed by: Safety officer:

Manager: ..

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